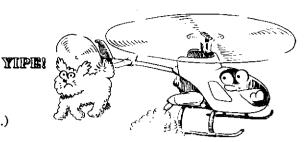
BEFORE FLYING THE CONCEPT 60

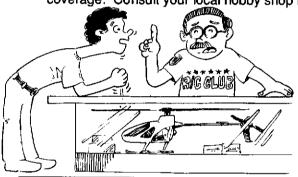
Now that you have completed the assembly of the Concept 60, you are ready to go but please be aware that helicopters fly at very high rotor speeds and can be very dangerous. Stay away from any obstacles and enjoy a safe flight.

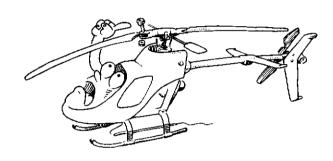


(It is not uncommon for the blade tip velocity to be near 150 mph.)

SHORTCUT TO PROFICIENCY

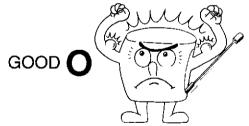
- Join the flying club. The quickest way to learn helicopter flight is to join a local flying club that has helicopter experts who can help you with flight training and set up.
- Join the AMA (Academy of Model Aeronautics). The AMA can provide assistance in locating an R/C club in your area as well as providing liability insurance coverage. Consult your local hobby shop for details.
- 3.. Check the entire helicopter before each flight.
- Double check all the screws and nuts to make sure they are secure.
- Join the IRCHA (International R/C Helicopter Assoc.)
 6 225 Tayorville Rd. Dayton, OH. 45424.





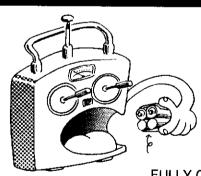
BEFORE GOING TO THE FLYING FIELD

Make sure that the batteries for the transmitter and receiver are both fully charged.





BAD X



FULLY CHARGED

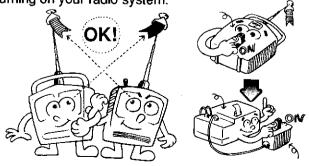
AT THE FLYING FIELD

- 25 -

 If a novice is going to fly, try to avoid strong winds (greater than 10 mph).



Confirm that no one else is on your frequency before turning on your radio system.



Perform a range check according to your radios instruction manual.

The Concept 60 will respond with these reactions to each signal from the radio.

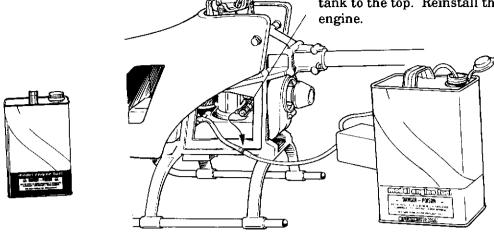
	Helicopter Response	Radio S	tick Position
TILTS AND MOVES FORWARD			ELEVATOR STICK PUSHED FORWARD.
TILTS AND MOVES BACKWARD			ELEVATOR STICK BACK.
TILTS AND MOVES LEFT			AILERON TO THE LEFT.
TILTS AND MOVES RIGHT	2		AILERON TO THE RIGHT.
THE NOSE MOVES LEFT. COUNTER-CLOCKWISE ROTATION.			RUDDER STICK TO THE LEFT.
THE NOSE MOVES RIGHT. CLOCKWISE ROTATION.			RUDDER STICK TO THE RIGHT.
AS THE ENGINE'S RPMS INCREASE THE BLADE PITCH ALSO INCREASES AND THE HELICOPTER LIFTS UP.			ENGINE THROTTLE STICK HIGH.
AS THE ENGINE'S RPMS DECREASE THE BLADE PITCH ALSO DECREASES AND THE HELICOPTER DESCENDS.			ENGINE THROTTLE STICK LOW.



A fuel of 10% or 15% nitro is recommended.

Remove the fuel line from the engine and fill the tank to the top. Reinstall the fuel line back to the engine.

NEEDLE VALVE /



• Close the valve all the way.

Then, reopen one and a half turns.

STARTING THE ENGINE

This starting procedure is set up so that the main rotor head will not suddenly turn. Please follow it carefully.

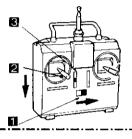
1. Turn on the radio system (In sequence-transmitter, receiver and gyro).

2. Keep the engine control stick in the low position

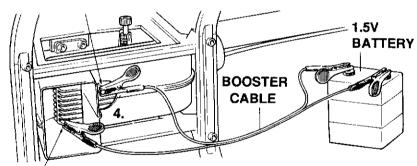
3. Set the engine control trim in the neutral position. Low stick and partial trim will allow the engine to start without engaging the clutch.

Clip to the plug.

Clip to the head.



4. Connect a glow plug clip to the glow plug and then to a 1.5V battery or power panel.

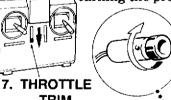


5. Hold the rotor head firmly in your left hand.

6. The starter should turn in the direction of the arrow. If not switch the battery leads. Press the starter against the starter cone and start the engine. Remove when it fires.

7. When the throttle trim is set low the engine should stop (If it doesn't readjust the linkage). This is an important safety adjustment.

Make sure the starter is turning the proper direction.

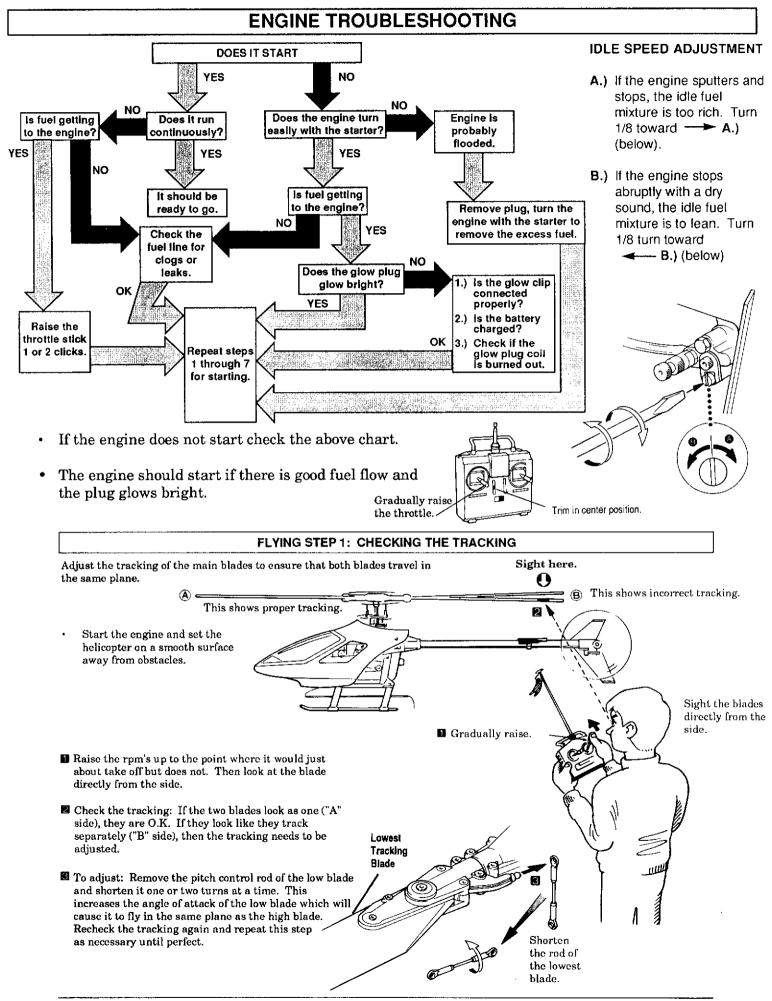


5. Hold on to the rotor head.

TRIM

6. Hold the starter to the cone \(\int \)





FLYING STEP 2: ADJUSTING THE TRIM

As the engine speed increases and the helicopter is close to take off, you may notice a tendency for the helicopter to tip or rotate instead of wanting to lift straight up. If this happens, slow the helicopter and adjust the trim so it will lift straight..

ADJUST THE TAIL ROTOR TRIM



If the nose heads right A, move the trim left C. If the nose heads left B, move the trim right D.

NOTE: If full trim deflection does not totally cure the turning tendency, refer to Step 4 (below) "Throttle/Tail Rotor Mixing" and the instructions that are included with the gyro.

2 ADJUST THE LEFT/RIGHT CYCLIC TRIM



If the copter tilts right A, move the trim left C. If it tilts left B, move the trim right D.

B ADJUST THE FORE/AFT CYCLIC TRIM

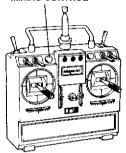
Rudder Trim



If the helicopter tilts forward A, move the trim back C. If it tilts backward B, move the trim forward D.

■ ADJUST THE THROTTLE/TAIL ROTOR MIXING





As the helicopter speeds up the relative torque on the helicopter chassis will cause it to rotate. This rotation can be controlled with the throttle/tail rotor (rudder) mixing function. See the radio manufacturer's instructions for proper set up and adjustment.

FLYING STEP 3: BEFORE YOU BEGIN TO HOVER

The main fundamental flying technique of a helicopter is hovering. If you cannot hover you will be unable to fly or land. Therefore, spend plenty of time practicing this technique. Before flying observe the following:

If you are a beginner, it is helpful to install training gear for easier landings

When your practicing the hover always face the wind. This will the tail rotor more stable.



Use Two 36" long 3/8" dowel rods tied together as an "X", with wiffle balls on the ends, to easily create training gear.



......

- When flying, always look at the nose of the helicopter and not the tail because it is the nose that turns in the direction of your command. See below.
- Check the Gyro direction.

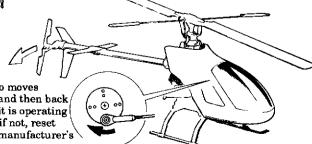
Turn on the transmitter, receiver and gyro. With your hand, quickly move the helicopter in the direction of the arrow and stop. At the same time watch the tail rotor servo.



rotor stick right the nose rotates right and the tail rotates left (clockwise).

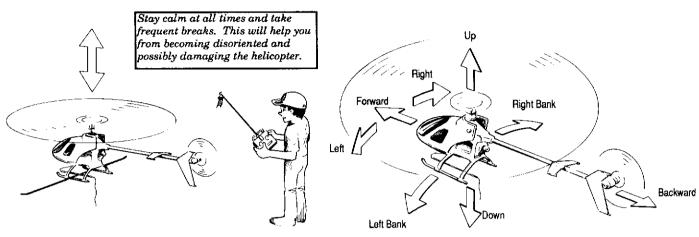
Look hore!

If the servo moves clockwise and then back to center, it is operating normally, if not, reset using the manufacturer's instructions.



FLYING STEP 4: PRACTICE HOVERING

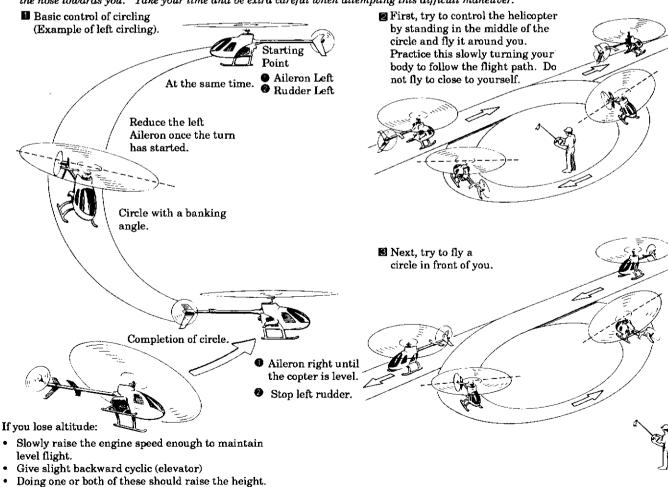
- Stand about 5 meters from the helicopter and attempt a smooth lift off up to a height of 3" to 4" and then slow the engine, and carefully land the helicopter. Repeat this process until you can smoothly take off and land consistently. Then practice raising the helicopter higher.
- A hovering helicopter will never stay in one spot by itself. You must constantly "read" which direction the helicopter will want to drift and move the control sticks on the transmitter so that the helicopter will stay stationary. Try not to go to high until you can keep the helicopter stationary.



Once hovering is mastered you will have learned the most important and most common flight technique.

FLYING STEP 5: FLYING CIRCLE

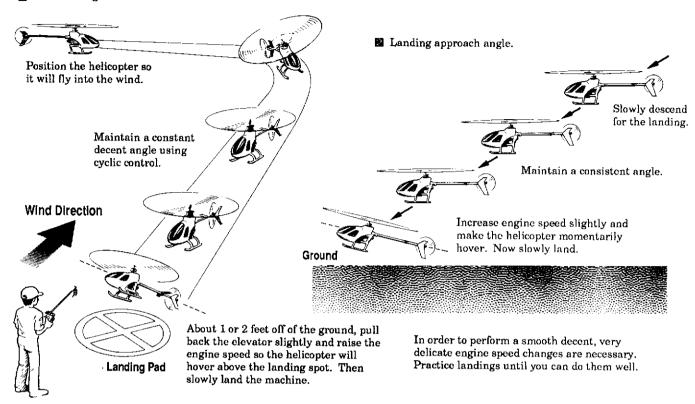
After you have mastered hovering, you may try flying a circle around yourself slowly trying to keep the nose facing the direction of the flight. At slow speed you should be able to clearly see the flight attitude of the helicopter. Always keep the tail facing away from you until you are competent at flying "Nose In". To learn "Nose In" hovering, go back to step 4, Practice Hovering" and point the nose towards you. Take your time and be extra careful when attempting this difficult maneuver.



FLYING STEP 6: LANDING

Landing is performed by flying into the wind and gradually guiding the helicopter towards the landing spot. Once you have started forward flight, the most common mistake is forgetting that you must return to hovering before landing. Landing requires more power as you near the ground.

■ Basic landing control

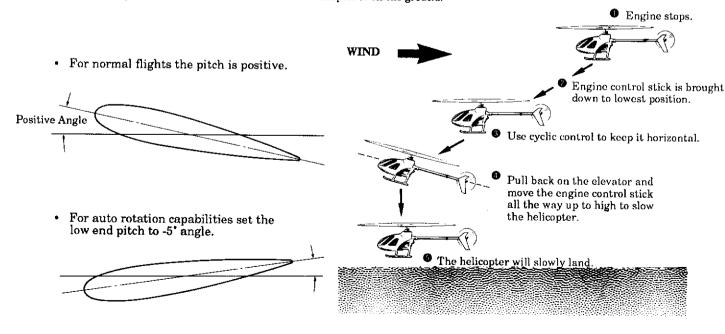


FLYING STEP 7: AUTO-ROTATION

The Concept 60 is equipped with auto rotation system to minimize the damage of the helicopter in case the engine should stop during flight. Control can be retained by using the Autorotation technique.

AUTO ROTATION

By making the main rotor pitch negative at low throttle, if the engine quits, the blades would continue to spin as the helicopter descends. Just before touching the ground the engine control is moved to the high position to slow the helicopter so it can land safely. It is most important to become familiar with the "Throttle Hold" switch on your transmitter. Experiment and prepair yourself by turning this switch ON and OFF while the helicopter is on the ground.

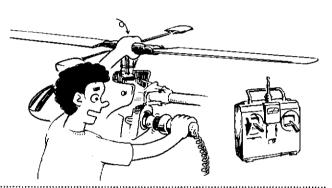


FOR SAFE FLIGHTS ALWAYS OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING:

- Check the entire helicopter before each flying session. Make sure that all screws and nuts are secure.
- Keep away from obstacles.

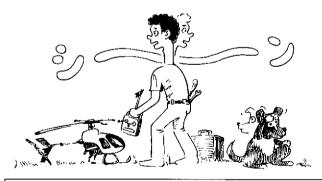


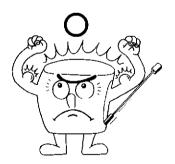
- Use caution when starting the engine. Always make sure that the throttle stick is in the low position. Grip the rotor head firmly.
- Never use damaged rotor blades. If you see that the main rotor blades are stressed, cracked or chipped, do not use. Replace with a new set of blades.



- Thoroughly check the flying area before operating the helicopter. It should be free of obstacles.
- 6 Be sure the batteries are fully charged.

If your gyro is connected to the receiver battery, no more than two flights are recommended for a 500 mAh battery and no more than four flights for a 1000 mAh battery.





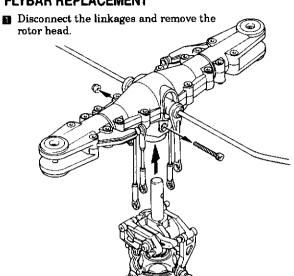


MAINTENANCE NOTES

Downtime is not a bad word, it's just that airtime is much more fun. In the real world of full-size helicopters, ten hours of scheduled maintenance is commonly prescribed to support one hour of flight time, and that's why helicopters, of all forms of transportation, have the highest per hour and per mile operating costs. With this in mind, it is not hard to understand how you may want to spend 120 minutes inspecting and maintaining your Concept 60 in order to get 12 quality minutes in the air. There is a lot of mechanical and electronic complexity that can go wrong on a model helicopter, even one as well built as the Concept 60, and the pilot is ultimately responsible for his own quality airtime.

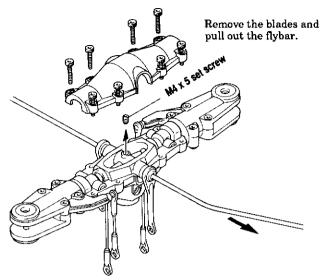




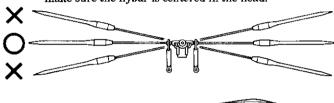


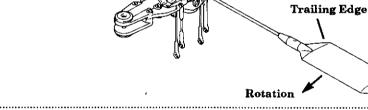
Install the new flybar and reinstall the blades.

Remove the top cover and the set screw.



Balance the flybar. Add tracking tape to the lightest side and make sure the flybar is centered in the head.





Hitler Control Leve Make sure that the blades are parallel to the hiller control lever.

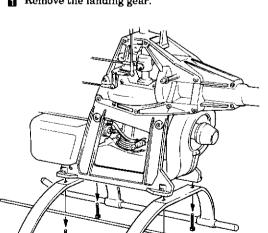
Should be parallel.

Should be

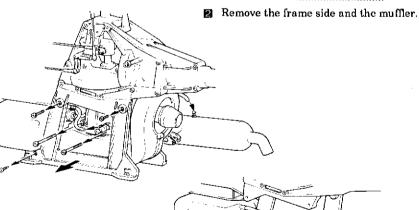
parallel.

REMOVING THE ENGINE

Trailing Edge

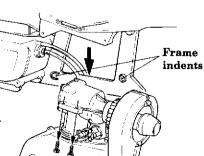


Remove the landing gear.

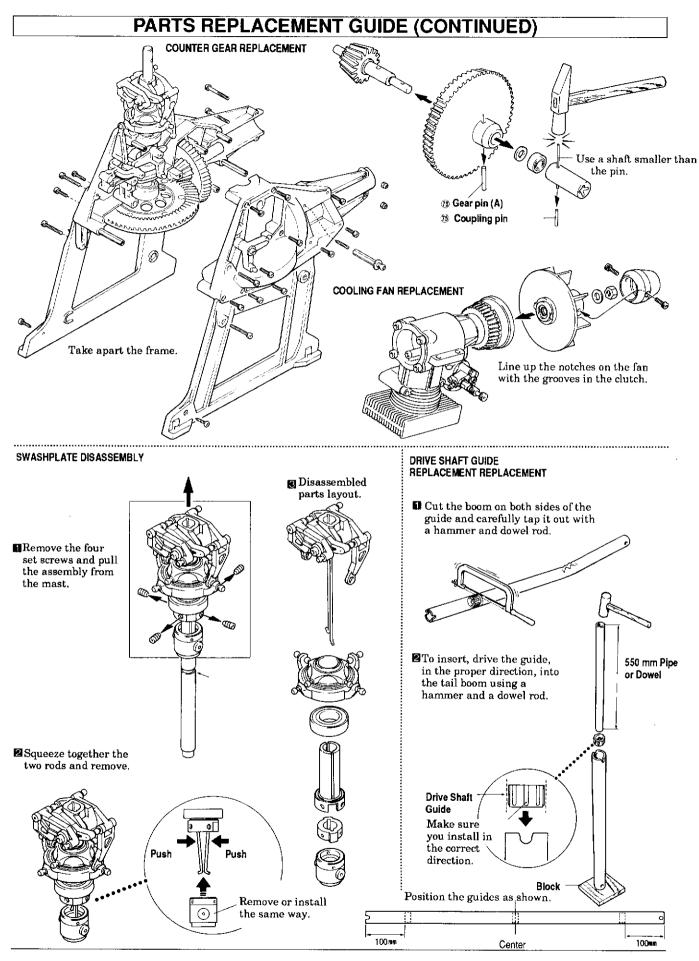


Remove the four engine mount screws and lower the engine out.

Install in reverse order.



Shroud Flanges



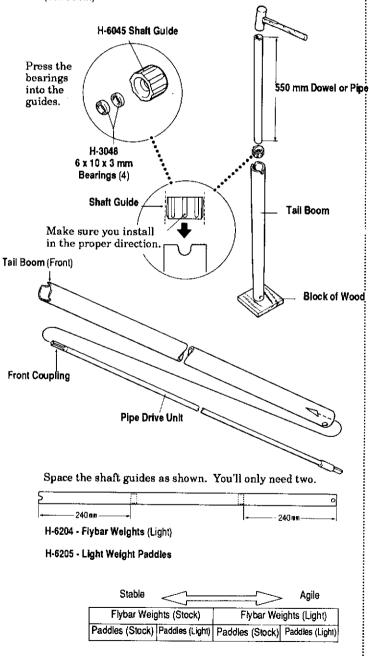
OPTIONAL HOP-UP PARTS

The Kyosho Concept 60 Helicopter is a master engineered machine that can fly competitively right out of the box. However, if even more performance and durability is desired, the below items would prove invaluable.

H-6201 Muffler (O.S.-Enya-Y.S.) will increase engine output over the standard.

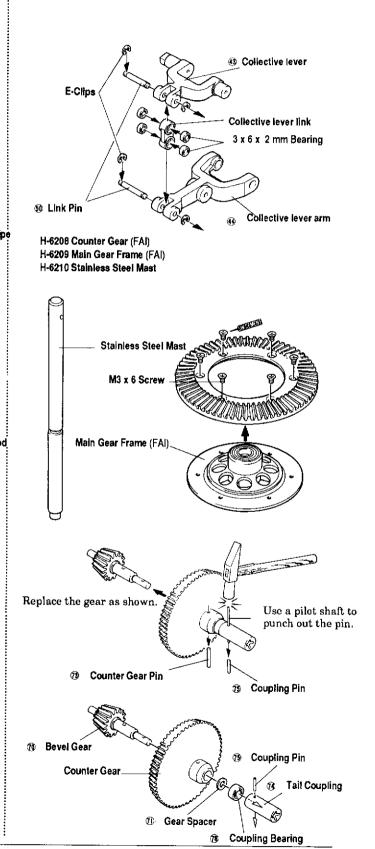
H-6202 Expert Blades will allow faster response and more agile performance.

H-6203 Pipe Drive Unit will increase durability and tail response for superior performance and strength. Eliminates the "Twisting" or "Winding" commonly found with wire drives. Provides a much more powerful and precise tail. (See Below.)



H-6206 - Carbon Fiber Tail Boom for lighter weight and increased strength.

H-6207 3 x 6 2 mm Bearings will reduce friction and increase performance.



OPTIONAL HOP-UP PARTS

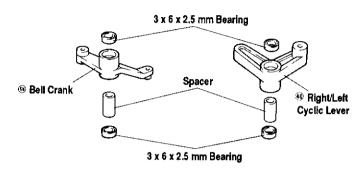
H-6211 Flapping Hinge Bearing replaces #13 for increased precision and durability.

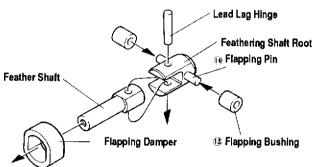
Pi-15 8 x 12 x 3.5 mm Bearing will replace #39 Bushing to reduce friction and add performance.

H-6215 Main Rotor Blade Case is to protect your main blades during storage and transportation.

H-6213 Lever Bearing Set use with #114 and #40 to increase performance and reduce friction loss.

H6214 Lead/Lag Shaft (optional)





Stock #	Part #	Description
KYOE7500	H-6201	Muffler (O.SEnya-YS)
KYOE7505	H-6202	Main Blades - Expert
KYOE7510	H-6203	Pipe Drive Unit
KYOE7515	H-6204	Stab Weight (Light)
KYOE7520	H-6205	Stab Blade (Light)
KYOE7525	H-6206	Carbon Tail Boom
KYOE7530	H-6207	Pitch Lever Bearings
KYOE7535	H-6208	Counter Gear (FAI)
KYOE7540	H-6209	Main Gear Frame (FAI)
KYOE7545	H-6210	Main Mast Stainless
KYOE7550	H-6211	Flapping Hinge Bearing (4)

Stock #	Part#	Description
KYOE7560	H-6213	Lever Bearing Set
KYOE7565	H-6214	Lead/Lag Shaft Set
KYOE7570	H-6215	Main Rotor Case
KYOC2216	PI-15	8 x 12 x 3.5 mm Bearing (2)
KYOE7191	H-6039B	Clutch - Enya
KYOE7192	H-6039C	Clutch - YS
KYOE5052	H-3220	Tracking Tape
KYOE8000	1790	Colored Fuel Tubing
KYOE8076	1876	Fuel Filter
KYOE8054	1844	Antenna Holder
KYOE6000	2161	Blade Balancer
KYOE7201	H-6041C	Cooling fan - YS

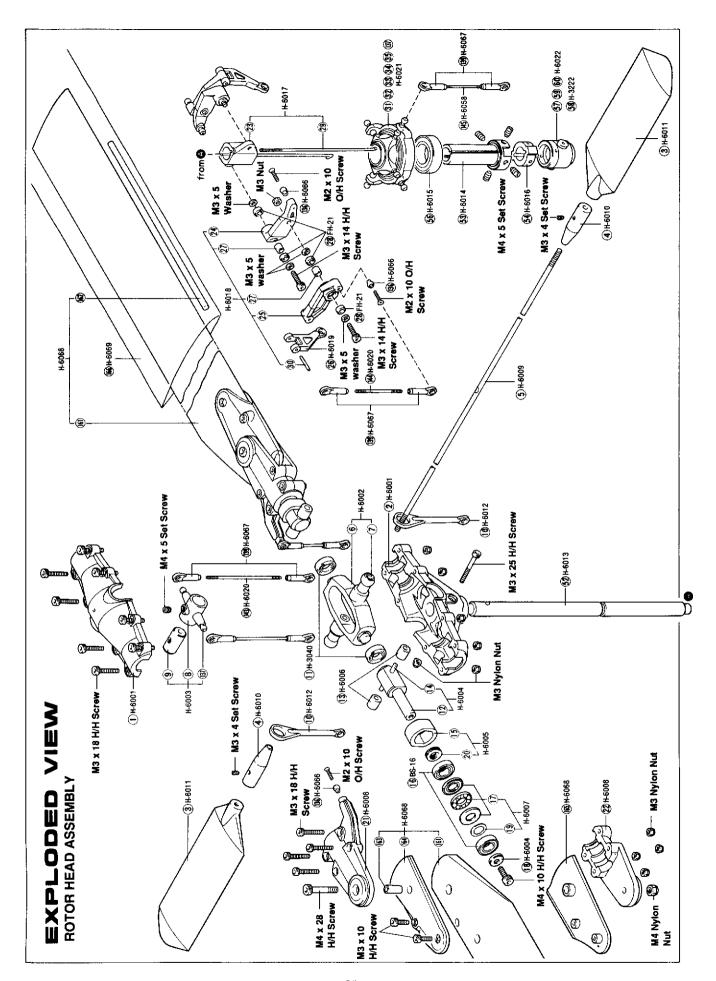
NOTES

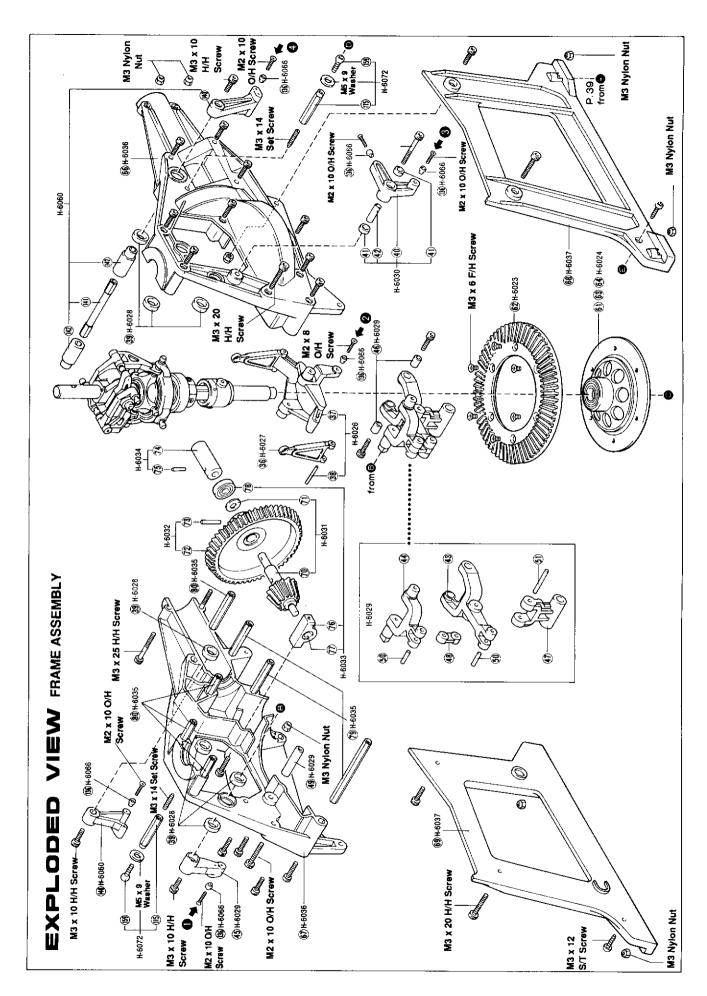
To ensure consistent engine performance choose a quality Glo Plug. During our flight testing, we found the O.S. #8 plug has the best reliability and performance.

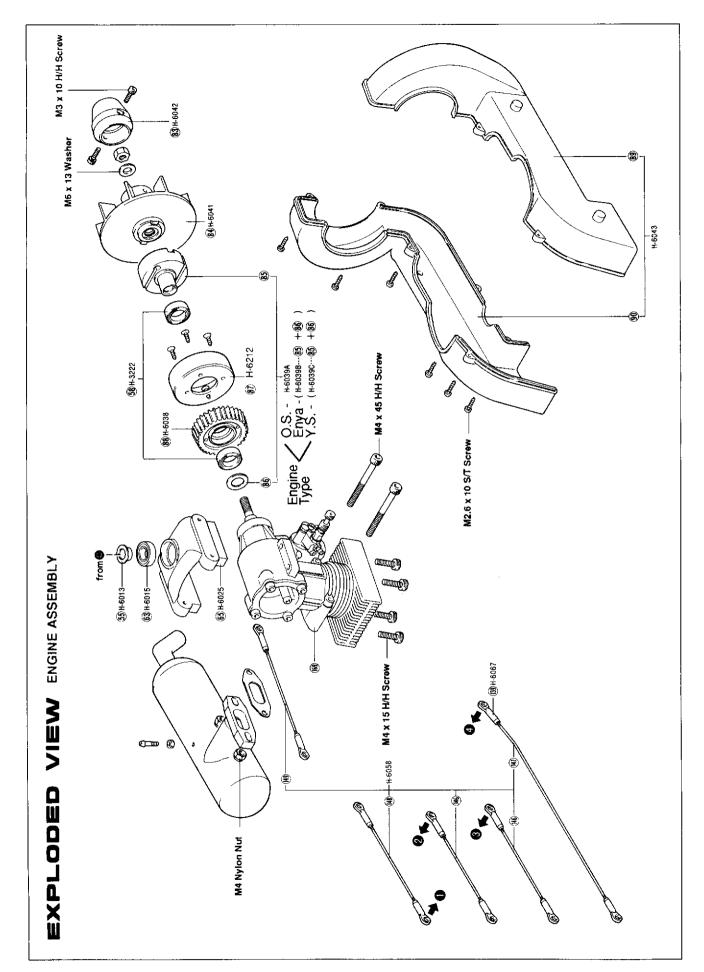
For the smoothest forward flight, Do not remove the stabilizer weights. Also, higher grade composite blades will most likely be a better choice for competition.

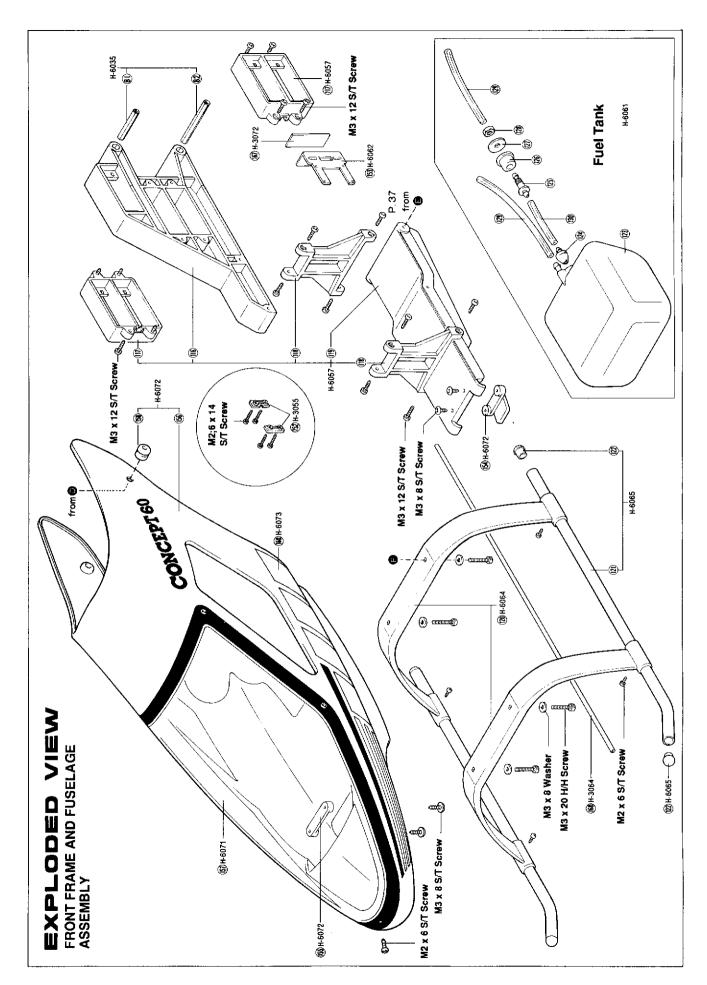
Higher Nitromethene fuels seem to be the trend for optimum power output form your engine.

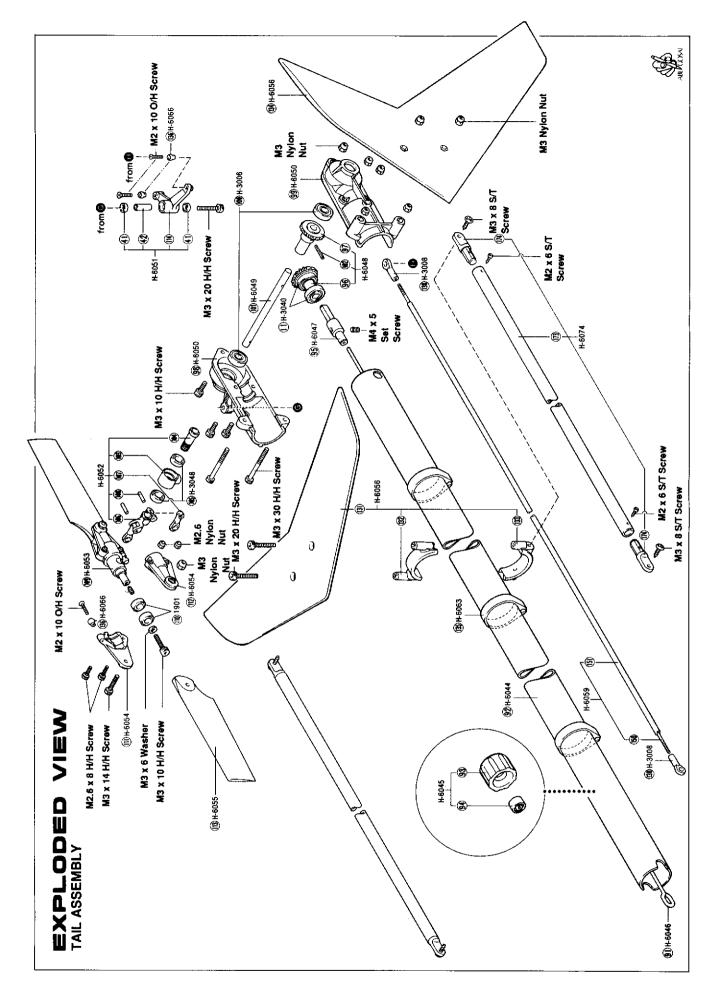
For top efficiency and performance, we recommend the use of a Kyosho muffler or Hatori 666 tuned pipe.











CONCEPT 60 PARTS LISTING

)	5	- 1	•			/	5		
KEY#	DESCRIPTION	QT¥.	KEY#	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	KEY#	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	KEY#	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
-	Rotor Head (B)	_	46.	3 x 6 x 7.5mm Bushing	Ø	91.	Tail Drive Shaft	-	136.	Pivot Balls	22
ci	Rotor Head (A)	-	47.	Collective Lever Bushing		92.	Tail Boom	-	138.	Ball End (S)	~
က်	Stabilizer Blades	01	48.	Collective Lever Link	_	93.	Shaft Guide	က	139.	Ball End (L)	50
4.	Stabilizer Weight	۵	49.	Round Insert	-	94.	Guide Bushing	က	140.	Pivot Arm	7
Ŋ.	Stabilizer Bar	•	20.	Link Pin (B)	2	95.	Tail Drive Joint	-	141.	Rudder Pivot Guide	-
9	Stabilizer seesaw	_	51.	Link Pin (C)	_	96.	Tail input Gear	-	142.	Pivot Rod Guide	0
7.	Seesaw Pivot Balls	7	52.	Main Mast	_	97.	Tail Output Gear	_	143.	Hiller Control Rod	α
œί	Hiller Control Lever	-	53.	Pitch Rod Guide	_	98.	Tail Gear Box (R)	_	144	Pitch Control Rod	01
<u>о</u>	Stabilizer Bushing	_	54.	Mast Stopper	_	99.	Tail Gear Box (L)	_	145.	50mm Rod	_
0	Stabilizer Control Rod	٥	52.	Bushing Spacer (FL)	_	100.	5 x 13 x 4mm Bearing	۵	146.	85mm Rod	8
Ë	8 x 14 x 3.5mm Bearing	Ŋ	56.	15 x 28 x 7mm Bearing	_	101.	Tail Output Shaft		147	183mm Rod	
12	Feathering Shaft	N	57.	Pitch Slider (A)	_	102.	Gear Pin (B)	-	148	95mm Rod	
5	Flapping Bushing	4	28	12 x 18 x 14mm Bearing	٠ ۵	103	Slider Bind		149	120mm Rod	
14	Flanning Pin	~	9	Pitch Slider (B)		104	Slider Bushing		5 5	Tail Control Bod	٠.
Ť.	Flanning Damner	10	; @	Disch (C)		5.5.	6 v 10 v 3mm Bushing	۰ -	<u>;</u>	Grido Tubo	
<u>.</u>	8 v 16 v 5mm Bearing	1 4		One-way Housing (A)	- +	. 4	Toil Dirch Arm	J -	. 6	Senio I do	- 5
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Thrust Bearing	۱٥	: 6	Main 2021		9 6		- c	, c	Switch Mount	2,
- 0	Dogwa Con	4 0	j ç	Maill geal	- c			u c	3		- ,
<u>o</u> (V (S		n .	9.6	CIER FIE (D)	ν.	5 7	Body Mount (A)	_
19.	Shim	7	2 .	One-way Housing (B)	.	- 109 -	Tail Center Hub	 -	155.	Body Mount (B)	-
20.	O-ring Seal	Ŋ	<u>.</u>	Engine Mount	_	110.	5 x 10 x 4mm Bearing	4	156.	Fuselage	_
24	Grip (A)	ď	.99	Upper Frame (L)	_	11.	Tail Grip (A)	_	157.	Canopy	_
25.	Grip (B)	α	. 29	Upper Frame (R)	_	112.	Tail Grip (B)	-	158.	Body Grommets	Ø
83	Mixing Base	_	89	Lower Frame (A)	_	113.	Tail Blades	2	159	5.8mm Pivot Balls	8
24	Mixing Lever	Ø	.69	Lower Frame (B)	_	114.	Tail Pitch Bellcrank	· 	160.	Decals	·
25	Cyclic Lever	0	70	Bevel Gear	_	115	Rody Post	۰ ۵	161	Main Blades	. 0
9	Clyclic Lever Link	۱۵	5.5	Gear Spacer	•	7 -	Sub Frame	1 -	163	Lead Weight	10
5 6	Bosting Spacer	1 4	5	Counter Goar			Sono Mount (B)	- ი	1 2	Coat Preigni	10
. 20.	Deal III g Spacel	t 0	1 7	Counted Geal	- +	117.	Servo Mount (B)	u c	<u> </u>	noor spacer busining	VI C
9 6	O A O A ZIIIIII DEGIIIIU	0 0	į,	Geal FIII (A)	- ,		From Frame Retainer	ν,	40 6	Hoot Cover (A)	N (
o o	Pilcii Rod	VI (4 r		_ ,		Front Frame	- (Roof Cover (B)	.N .
30. 30.	Cyclic Pin	N ·	ر. ا	Coupling Pin		120	Strut	N :	166.	Blade Covering	-
31.		-	76.	Support	_	121.	Skid	c)	167.	Double Sided Tape	_
35	Swashplate (B)	-	77.	Bevel Gear Support (B)	·	122.	Skid Cap	4	168	Antenna Tube	-
33.		-	78.	Coupling Bearing	•	123.	Fuel Tank	_	173	Support Struts	0
34.	Swashplate (D)	-	79.	_	ဗ	124.	Clunk	-	174.	Strut Ends	4
35.	Swashplate (E)	_	80.	Threaded Insert (S)	4	125.	Tank Adapter	_	175.	pitch Gage	_
36.	Fore/Aft Link	01	81.	Threaded Insert (C)	· -	126.	Tank Cap	-			
37.	Fore/Aft Lever	-	82.	Threaded insert (D)	_	127.	Cap Washer	•			
<u>چ</u>	Link Pin (A)	7	83.	Starter Cone	_	128.	Cap Nut	_			
ලි	$8 \times 12 \times 3.5$ mm Bushing	7	84.	Cooling Fan	_	129.	Fuel Tubing (L)	-			
40	Right/Left Cyclic Lever	_	85.	Clutch	_	130.	Fuel Tubing (S)	_			
4.	3 x 6 x 2.5mm Bushing	ď	86.	Thrust Washer (O.S.)		131.	Horizontal Fin	_			
42.	Bushing Spacer	•	87.	Clutch Bell		132.	Fin Mount (A)	-			
43.	Collective Lever	_	88	Drive Gear	_	133.	Fin Mount (B)	_			
44	Collective Lever Arm	, -	89.	Engine Shroud (L)	· -	134.	Vertical Fin	•			
45.	Collective Arm	_	90.	Engine Shroud (R)	· -	135.	Control Rod Guides	က			

PURCHASING PARTS FOR YOUR KIT

You can purchase replacement and optional parts for your kit. All of the parts identified by key numbers (see page 42 for a complete list) are usually not available singularly, but we offer these parts in convenient parts "packs" which can be purchased separately. To figure out which parts pack you need, find the

key number for that part within the manual. Then consult our parts pack guide below. When referring to the parts you need, always use the **Parts Pack Number**. For instance, if you need a Main Mast (Key #52) ask your dealer for Kyosho Parts Pack H-6013.

Stock#	Part #	Description	Contents	Stock#	Part #	Description	Contents	Stock#	Part #	Description	Contents
KY0E7000	H-6001	Main Rotor Head	12×1	KY0E7135	H-6028	Lever Bushing	39 x 7	KYOC2197	1901	5 x 10 x 4 mm Bearing	110×2
KYOE7005	H-6002	Stabilizer Seesaw	6x17x2	KY0E7140	H-6029	Pitch Lever Linkage	43 44 45 47 48 49	KY0E7265	H-6054	Tail Rotor Grip Set	111 112 x 2
KYOE3030	H-3040	8 x 14 x 3.5 mm Bearing	11 x 2				51 x 1 46 50 x 2	KY0E7270	H-6055	Tail Rotor Blade	113×2
KY0E7010	H-6003	Hiller Control Lever	8 9×1 137×2	KY0E7145	H-6030	Aileron Lever Set	40 42×1 41×2	KY0E7275	9509-H	Tail Fin Set	131 132 133 134x1
KY0E7015	H-6004	Feathering Shaft	12 18x2 14x2	KY0E7150	H-6031	Tempered Pinion Gear	70 71 x 1	KY0E7280	H-6057	Servo Frame Set	116 119×1 117
KY0E7020	H-6005	Flapping Damper	15 20 x 4	KY0E7155	H-6032	Counter Gear	72 73 x 1				118 x 2
KY0E7025	H-6006	Flapping Hinge Bushing	13×4	KY0E7160	H-6033	Pinion Bearing	76 77 78 x 1	KY0E7285	8509-H	Servo Linkage Rod	145 147 148 149x1
KY0C2218	BS-16	8 x 16 x 5 mm Bearing	16 x 2	KY0E7165	H-6034	Tail Drive Coupling	74 75 x 1			•	146 x 2
KY0E7030	H-6007	Thrust Bearing Set	17 19 x 2	KYOE7170	H-6035	Threaded Insert	79 x 3 80x4 81 82x1	KY0E7290	H-6059	Rudder Pushrod Tube	150 151 x 1
KY0E7035	H-6008	Main Rotor Grip Set	21 22×2	KY0E7175	H-6036	Transmission Case	66 67 x 1	KY0E7295	0909-H	Tail Linkage	141 x 1 140 142 x 2
KYOE7040	6009-H	Stabilizer Bar	5×1	KY0E7180	H-6037	Main Frame	68 69 x 1	KY0E7300	H-6061	Fuel Tank Set	123 124 125 126
KY0E7045	H-6010	Stabilizer Weight	4×2	KY0E7185	H-6038	Drive Gear	88 x 1			:	127 128 129 130x1
KYOE7050	H-6011	Stabilizer Blade	3×2	KY0E7190	H-6039A	H-6039A Clutch O.S.	85 86 x 1	KY0E4020	H-3055	Servo holder Plates	152 x 10
- KY0E7055	H-6012	Stabilizer Rod	10×2	KY0E7195	H-6040	Clutch Bell	87 x 1	KYOE7305	H-6062	Switch Mount	153 x 1
KYOE7060	H-6013	Main Mast	52 55 x 1	KYOE5044	H-3222	12 x 18 x 4 mm Bearing	58×2	KY0E7310	E909-H	Rudder Tube Guides	135 x 3
KY0E7065	H-6014	Pitch Rod Guide	53 x 1	KY0E7200	H-6041	Cooling Fan	84 x 1	KY0E7315	H-6064	Landing Gear Brace	120 x 2
KY0E7070	H-6015	Mast Bearing Set	56 63 x 1	KY0E7205	H-6042	Starter Cone	83×1	KY0E7320	H-6065	Skid Set	121 x 2 122 x 4
KY0E7075	H-6016	Mast Stopper	54 x 1	KY0E7210	H-6043	Fan Casing	89 90 x 1	KY0E7325	9909-H	Linkage Ball	136 x 10
KY0E7080	H-6017	Mixing Base	23×1 29×2	KY0E7215	H-6044	Tail Boom	92 x 1	KY0E5055	H-3108	Ball End Set	138 x 10
KYOE7085	H-6018	Mixing Lever Set	24 25 30 x 2 27 x 4	KYOE7220	H-6045	Shaft Guide	93 94×3	KY0E7330	H-6067	Rod End Set (L)	139 x 10
KY0E9400	FH-21	3 x 6 x 2 mm Bearing	28 x 2	KY0E7225	H-6046	Tail Drive Shaft	91 x 1	KY0E7335	H-6068	Main Blades	161 162 163 164
KYOE7090	H-6019	Clyclic Lever Link	26 x 4	KY0E7230	H-6047	Tail Drive Joint	95 x 1				165 x 2 166 x 1
KY0E7095	H-6020	Control Rod Set	143 144 x 2	KY0E7235	H-6048	Tail Gear Set	96 97 102 x 1	KY0E7340	6909-H	Shrink Tube	166 x 1
KY0E7100	H-6021	Swash Plate	31 32 33 34 35 x1	KY0E1060	H-3006	5 x 13 x 4 mm Bearing	100 x 2	KYOE4080	H-3064	Antenna Pipe	168 x 5
			137 x 8	KY0E7240	H-6049	Tail Output Shaft	101 x 1	KY0E4115	H-3072	Double Sided Tape	167 × 1
KY0E7105	H-6022	Pitch Slider	57 59 60 x 1	KY0E7245	H-6050	Tail Gear Case	98 99 x 1	KY0E7345	H-6070	Body Set	156×1 158×2
KYOE7110	H-6023	Main Gear	62 x 1	KY0E7250	H-6051	Tail Pitch Lever Set	41 x 2 42 114 x 1	KYOE7350 H-6071	H-6071	Canopy	157 x 1
KY0E7115	H-6024	Main Gear Frame	61 64×1 63×2	KY0E7255	H-6052	Tail Slide Ring Set	103 104 106 x 1	KY0E7355	H-6072	Body Mount Set	115 158 159×2
KY0E7120	H-6025	Engine Mount	65 x 1				107 108 x 2				154 155 x 1
KY0E7125	H-6026	Elevator Lever Set	37 x 1 38 x 2	KY0E3110	H-3048	6 x 10 x 3 mm Bearing	105 x 2	KYOE7360 H-6073	\rightarrow	Decal	160 x 1
KYOE7130 H-6027	H-6027	Elevator Lever Link	36×4	KYOE7260	H-6053	Tail Center Hub	109 x 1	KYOE7365 H-6074		Boom Supports	173×2 174×4